

1. The first step is to identify the problem or question that needs to be addressed. This involves understanding the context and the specific requirements of the task.

2. The second step is to gather relevant information and resources. This may involve researching existing solutions, consulting with experts, or collecting data.

3. The third step is to develop a plan or strategy. This involves breaking down the problem into smaller, manageable tasks and determining the sequence of steps to be taken.

4. The fourth step is to implement the plan. This involves carrying out the tasks identified in the plan and monitoring progress.

5. The fifth step is to evaluate the results. This involves comparing the outcomes of the implementation against the original goals and objectives.

6. The sixth step is to reflect on the process. This involves considering what worked well, what challenges were encountered, and what lessons can be learned for future projects.

7. The seventh step is to communicate the findings. This involves sharing the results of the project with stakeholders and providing a clear summary of the outcomes.

8. The eighth step is to document the process. This involves creating a record of the steps taken, the resources used, and the results achieved.

9. The ninth step is to review the project. This involves conducting a final assessment of the project's success and identifying areas for improvement.

10. The tenth step is to conclude the project. This involves formally ending the project and ensuring that all tasks have been completed.

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INTERFERENCE SEARCHED			
Class	Subclass	Date	Examiner

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